

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

NOTES ON BASE
This photomosaic was created by merging two glob-
al digital image models (DIM's) of Mars—a medium
resolution monochrome mosaic processed to
emphasize topographic features and a lower resolu-
tion color mosaic emphasizing color and albedo
variations.

The medium-resolution (1/256° or roughly 231 m
per pixel) monochromatic image model (Batson and
Elason, 1995) was constructed from about 6,000
images with resolutions of 150–350 m/pixel and
oblique illumination (Sun 20°–45° above the hori-
zon). (Many of these images were also used in the
construction of the 1:2,000,000 hand-laid control-
led photomosaic series and the 1:5,000,000 photo-
mosaics, which the present product supersedes.)
Geometric control of the medium-resolution DIM
was based on a refined topographic control network
by Wu and Schafer (1984), which was based on the
network of Davies and Katayama (1983). A low-
resolution mosaic of the Wu and Schafer images
was made, and the medium-resolution features were
matched to this by using features (not necessarily
control points) visible in both datasets. Remaining
positional discrepancies were redistributed smoothly
and are typically less than 20 pixels. Radiometric
processing of the medium-resolution DIM was
intended to suppress or remove the effects of albe-
do variations through the use of a high-pass divide
filter, followed by photometric normalization so that
the contrast of a given topographic slope would be
approximately the same in all images.

The global color mosaic (McEwen and Soderblom,
1993) was assembled at 1/64° or roughly 864
m/pixel from about 1,000 red- and green-filter
images with 500–1,000 m/pixel resolution. These
images were first mosaicked in groups, each taken
on a single orbit of the Viking spacecraft. The orbit
mosaics were then processed to remove spatially
and temporally varying atmospheric haze in the
overlap regions. After haze removal, the per-orbit
mosaics were photometrically normalized to equal-
ize the contrast of albedo features and mosaicked
together with cosmetic seam removal. The medium-
resolution DIM was used for geometric control of
this color mosaic. A green-filter image was synthe-
sized by weighted averaging of the red- and violet-
filter mosaics. Finally, the product seen here was
obtained by multiplying each color image by the
medium-resolution monochrome image.

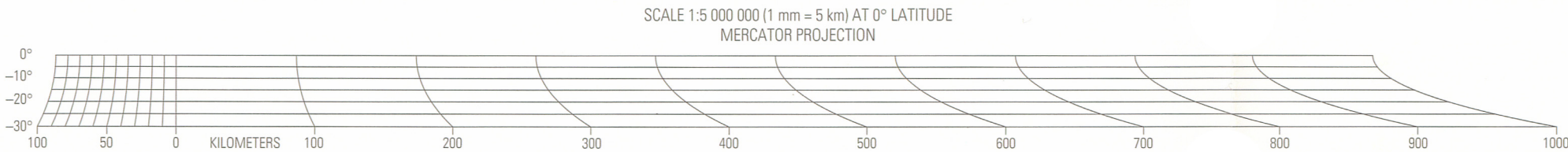
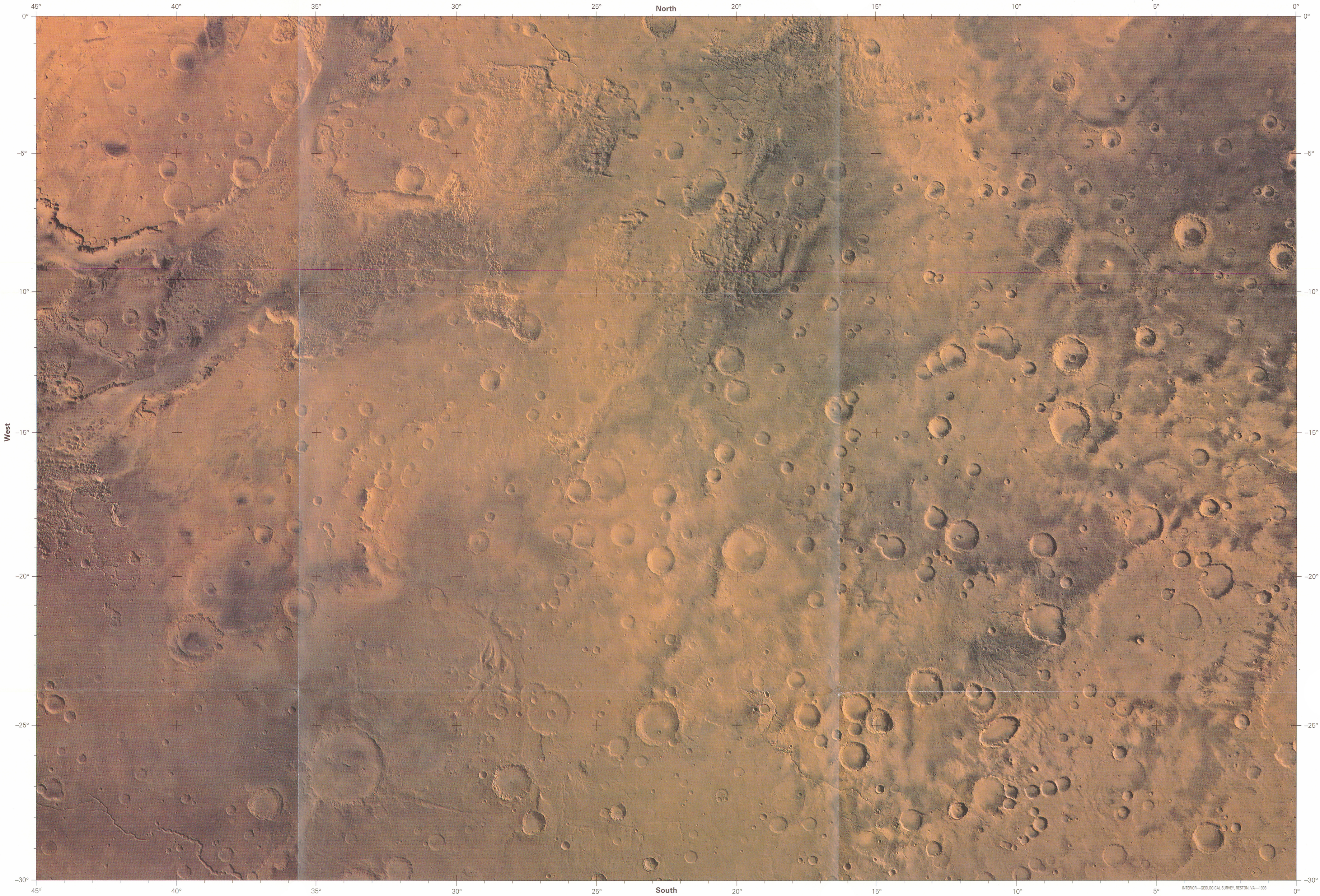
The color balance selected for images in this map
series was designed to be close to natural color for
brighter, redder regions, such as Arabia Terra and
the Tharsis region, but the data have been stretched
so that the relatively dark regions appear darker
and less red than they actually are.

NOMENCLATURE
MC-19: Abbreviation for Mars Chart 19.
M 5M -15/22 CCM: Abbreviation for Mars,
1:5,000,000 series; center of
sheet, lat 15° S., long 22°;
controlled color photomosaic
(CCM).

REFERENCES
Batson, R.M., and Elason, E.M., 1995, Digital
maps of Mars: Photogrammetric Engineering
& Remote Sensing, v. 61, no. 12, p.
1499–1507.
Davies, M.E., and Katayama, F.Y., 1983, The
1982 control network of Mars: Journal of
Geophysical Research, v. 88 (B9), p.
7403–7404.
McEwen, A.S., and Soderblom, L.A., 1993, Global
and regional/seasonal color mosaics of Mars,
in Abstracts of papers submitted to the Twen-
ty-fourth Lunar and Planetary Science Confer-
ence, Houston, March 15–19, 1993;
Houston, Lunar and Planetary Institute, p.
953–954.
Wu, S.S.C., and Schafer, F.J., 1984, Mars control
network, in Technical papers of the 50th
annual meeting of the American Society of
Photogrammetry, v. 2, Washington, D.C.,
March 11–16, 1984; American Society of
Photogrammetry, p. 456–463.

Prepared for the
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

ATLAS OF MARS
1:5,000,000 TOPOGRAPHIC SERIES
MARGARITIFER SINUS QUADRANGLE
M 5M -15/22 CCM, 1998
I-2531 (MC-19) SHEET 2 OF 2



Prepared on behalf of the Planetary Geology Program, Solar System
Exploration Division, Office of Space Science, National Aeronautics
and Space Administration

CONTROLLED COLOR PHOTOMOSAIC OF THE MARGARITIFER SINUS QUADRANGLE (MC-19) OF MARS