I-2531 (MC-19) SHEET 1 OF 2

NOTES ON BASE This map is one in a series covering the entire surface of Mars at a nominal scale of 1:5,000,000. The series was originally compiled from Mariner 9 data (Batson and others, 1979). The original shaded relief base was revised and augmented with image data from Viking Orbiter, but feature positions

ADOPTED FIGURE

were not shifted to fit controls derived from Viking.

The figure of Mars used for the computation of the map projection is an oblate spheroid (flattening of 1/192) with an equatorial radius of 3,393.4 km and a polar radius of 3,375.7 km.

The Mercator, Lambert Conformal Conic, and Polar Stereographic projections are used for this map series. The scale of the series is 1:5,000,000 at the equator. The projections have common scales of 1:4,336,000 at lat $\pm 30^{\circ}$ and 1:4,306,000 at lat $\pm 65^{\circ}$. Standard parallels for the Lambert Conformal Conic projection are at lat ±35.8° and ±59.2°. Longitude increases to the west in accordance with astronomical convention for Mars. Latitude is planetographic.

Planimetric control of the shaded relief is provided by photogrammetric triangulation using Mariner 9 images (Davies, 1973; Davies and Arthur, 1973) and the radio-tracked position of the Mariner 9 spacecraft. The first meridian passes through the center of a small crater, Airy-O (lat 5.19° S., long 0°), within the crater Airy.

Primary controls used in the network include the Viking Orbiter Secondary Experiment Data Record, radio-occultation measurements from both Mariner 9 and Viking Missions (Lorell and others, 1972; Kliore and others, 1973: Lindal and others, 1979), Earth-based radar observations (Pettengill and others, 1971; Downs and others, 1975), and the Mars primary control network of the Rand Corporation (Davies and others, 1978).

MAPPING TECHNIQUE

Shaded relief was portrayed by photointerpretive methods described by Inge and Bridges (1976). Uniform sun illumination from the west was used throughout. The original rendition of feature positions, sizes, and shapes was taken from a controlled base mosaic of Mariner 9 images. Various computer enhancements of many Mariner 9 and Viking Orbiter images besides those in the base mosaic were examined in an attempt to portray the surface as accurately as possible.

Initial shaded relief analysis and representation were made by Barbara J. Hall; revisions were made by Patricia M. Bridges.

No attempt was made on the map to duplicate precisely the color of the martian surface, although the color used may approximate it.

NOMENCLATURE Names on this sheet are approved by the International Astronomical Union (IAU, 1974, 1977, 1980, 1983, 1998).

Abbreviation for Mars Chart 19. M 5M -15/22 RN: Abbreviation for Mars; 1:5,000,000 series; center of sheet, lat 15° S., long 22°; shaded relief map (R) with nomenclature (N).

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9304789 9304859

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9232899 77588203

9161009

7686313 9089189

7830513 7758623

7615333 7614913 7686803

7758693 7830583

10492689

5668773 9232619 6354843

9160729 5239463 8045483

INDEX OF MARINER 9 PICTURES

The mosaic used to control the positioning of features on this map was made with

the Mariner 9 A-camera pictures outlined above. Useful coverage is not available

in the crosshatched areas. The DAS number may vary slightly (usually by 5)

among different versions of the same picture.

6570793 5812763

6642683 7901843

9304719 7829953

9232829

5956753 7758063

5M -48/90 [I-1164] I-2368

Arcadia (MC-3)

Lunae Palus (MC-10) 5M 15/68

Diacria (MC-2) 5M 48/150 [I-989] [I-1392]

INDEX OF VIKING SOURCES

This shaded relief map has been revised by utilizing 1:2,000,000-scale controlled

photomosaics and supplementary Viking pictures outlined above. Copies of vari-

ous enhancements of these pictures are available from National Space Science

Data Center, Code 601, Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt, MD 20771.

MC-19 SE

MC-19 SW