

NOTES ON BASE

This is one map in a series of topographic map sheets covering the entire surface of Mars at nominal scales of 1:25,000,000 and 1:5,000,000 (Bates, 1973, 1974). The major source of map data was the Mariner 9 television experiment (Mausky and others, 1970).

**ADOPTED FIGURE**  
The figure of Mars used for the computation of the map projection is an oblate spheroid (flattening of 1/192) with an equatorial radius of 3933.4 km and a polar radius of 3775.7 km. This is not the height datum which is defined below under the heading "CONTROL".

**PROJECTION**  
The polar stereographic projection is used for this sheet, with a scale of 1:5,000,000 at lat 65°. Longitudes increase to the west in accordance with usage of the International Astronomical Union (IAU, 1971). Latitudes are areographic (de Vasconcelos and others, 1973).

**CONTROL**  
Planimetric control is provided by photogrammetric triangulation using Mariner 9 pictures (Davies, 1973; Davies and Arthur, 1973) and the radio-tracked position of the spacecraft. The first meridian passes through the crater Aryz 0 (lat 51°N, 50°W) within the crater Aryz. No simple statement is possible for the precision, but local consistency is about 10 km.

**MAPPING TECHNIQUE**  
Selected Mariner 9 pictures, transformed to the polar stereographic projection, were assembled as a mosaic at 1:5,000,000.  
Shaded relief was copied from the mosaic and portrayed with uniform illumination with the sun to the west. Many Mariner 9 pictures taken from those in the base mosaic were examined to improve the portrayal (Lorenz and others, 1973; Davies and others, 1975; Iuge and Bridges, 1976). The shading is not generated and may be interpreted with nearby photographic reliability (Iuge, 1972).  
Shaded relief analysis and representation were made by Jay L. Iuge.

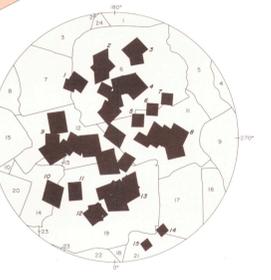
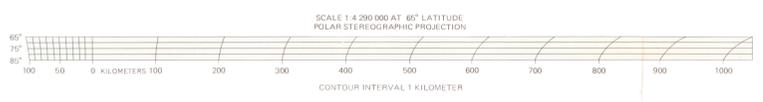
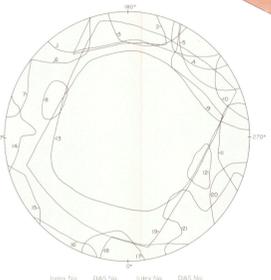
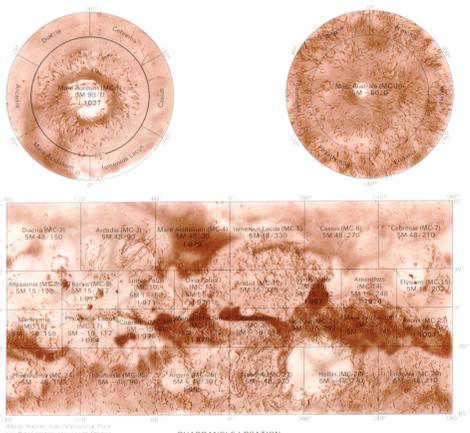
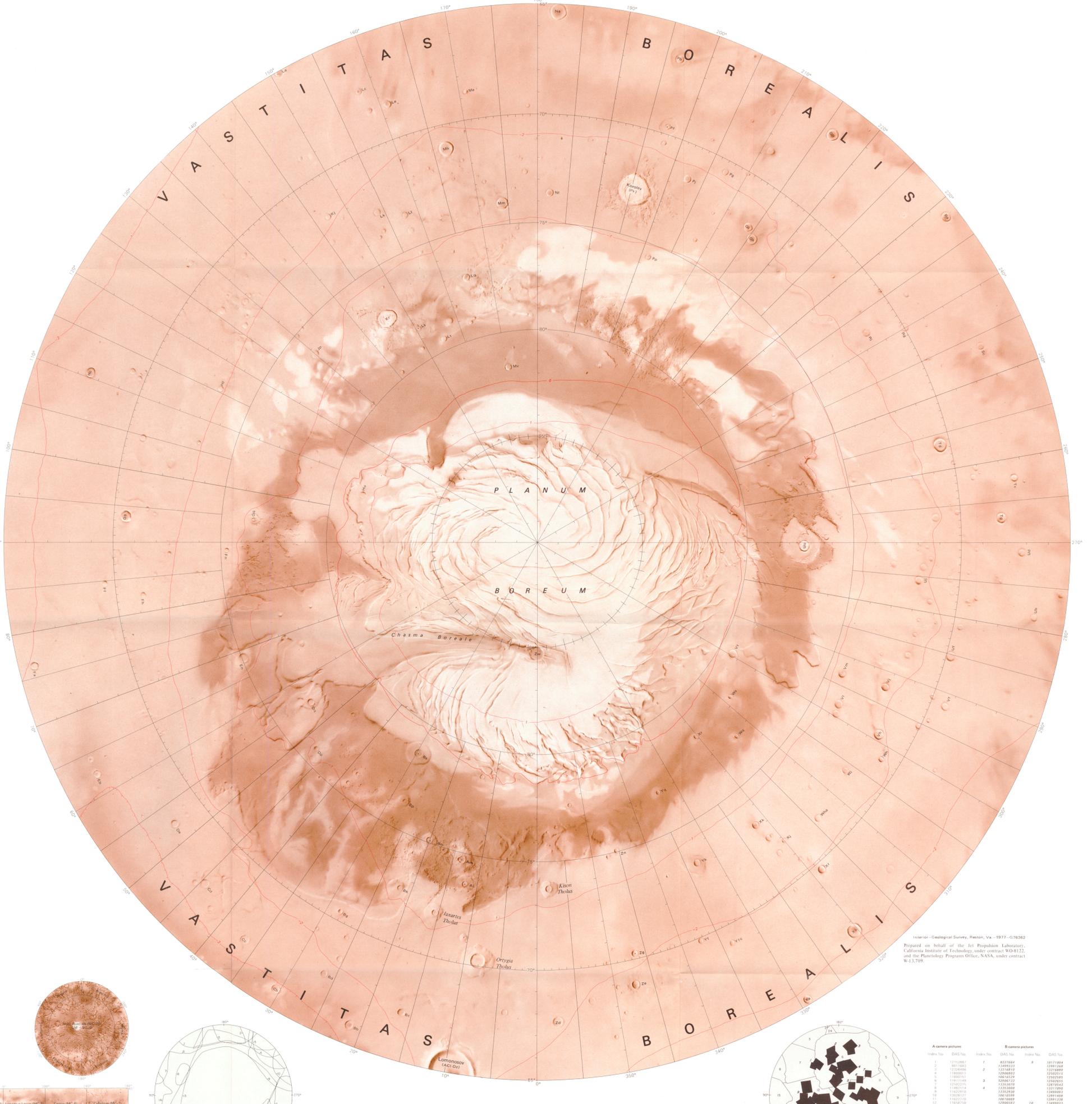
**ALBEDO MARKINGS**  
The markings superimposed on the shaded relief were hand copied from pictures that were computer enhanced especially to show low frequency tone variation (Bates and Iuge, 1973). The surface in these pictures is illuminated from a variety of angles from the camera line of sight. The markings therefore delineate boundaries of local brightness variations only and should not be considered as a true measure of albedo. No attempt was made to use Earth based telescopic albedo data.  
Aurora portrait of albedo markings was done by Jay L. Iuge.

**CONTOURS**  
Since Mars has no sea and hence no sea level, the datum (the 0 km contour line) for altitudes is defined by a gravity field described by spherical harmonics of fourth order and fourth degree (Jordan and Lorenz, 1973) combined with a 6.4 millibar atmospheric pressure surface derived from radio-occultation data (Kjore and others, 1973; Christensen, 1975; Wu, 1975).

The contour lines (Wu, 1975) were compiled from Earth-based radar determinations (Downs and others, 1971; Petroglu and others, 1971) and measurements made by Mariner 9 instruments, including the ultraviolet spectrometer (Ford and others, 1974), infrared interferometer spectrometer (Conrath and others, 1973) and stereoscopic Mariner 9 television pictures (Wu and others, 1973).

**NOMENCLATURE**  
All names on this sheet are approved by the International Astronomical Union (IAU, 1974, 1975). Double and high letter designations for craters refer to position on the map and are derived from a grid based on equidistant meridians and parallels; the alphabet (I and O omitted) runs in the direction of increasing longitude (W) and latitude (N). The complete designation of a crater is the name of the quadrangle followed by a double or high letter. The prefix BGR (identifying the Mare Boreum sheet) is part of the complete designation but, for brevity, is not shown on most craters. Some craters have common names; letter designations for these craters are shown in plain lines. Where craters lie inside or on the boundary of two maps, their letters are derived from the crater of southern map.

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A-camera pictures		B-camera pictures	
Index No.	DAS No.	Index No.	DAS No.
1	1212280	7	8227664
2	8011485	8	1249220
3	1222680	9	1224680
4	1180015	10	1202685
5	1180145	11	1202685
6	1180275	12	1202685
7	1180405	13	1202685
8	1180535	14	1202685
9	1180665	15	1202685
10	1180795	16	1202685
11	1180925	17	1202685
12	1181055	18	1202685
13	1181185	19	1202685
14	1181315	20	1202685
15	1181445	21	1202685
16	1181575	22	1202685
17	1181705	23	1202685
18	1181835	24	1202685
19	1181965		
20	1182095		
21	1182225		
22	1182355		
23	1182485		
24	1182615		

**INDEX TO MARINER 9 PICTURES**  
The mosaic used to control the positioning of features on this map was made with the Mariner 9 A-camera pictures outlined above, identified by vertical numbers. Also shown by solid black rectangles are the high-resolution B-camera pictures, identified by italic numbers. The DAS numbers may differ slightly (usually by 5) among various versions of the same picture.

# TOPOGRAPHIC MAP OF THE MARE BOREUM AREA OF MARS

MC-1  
M 5M 90/0 RMC  
1977

**INDEX TO MARINER 9 PICTURES**  
USED TO MAKE THE ALBEDO MARKINGS OVERLAY  
Most of the pictures indexed above were specially processed to accentuate albedo markings. Only the central image area of the pictures are outlined. The DAS numbers may differ slightly (usually by 5) among various versions of the same picture.

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U.S. Geological Survey, Box 23088, Federal Center, Denver, CO 80226.