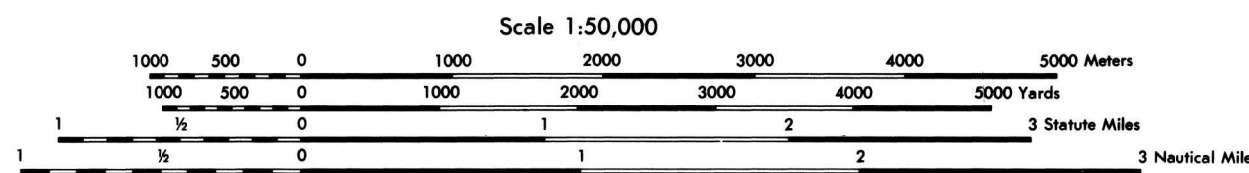


Prepared and published by the Defense Mapping Agency Hydrographic/Topographic Center, Washington, D.C.

LEGEND

On this map a lane is generally considered as being 8-12 feet (2.5-3.6 meters) in width. EN ESTE MAPA UNA VÍA TIENE GENERALMENTE UNA ANCHURA DE 8-12 PIES (2.5-3.6 METROS).

Legend table with two columns: 'ROADS' and 'SIGNALS CONVENTIONALES'. It lists various symbols for roads, power lines, fences, schools, and other features with their corresponding symbols and names in both English and Spanish.



CONTOUR INTERVAL 20 METERS INTERVALO DE CURVAS 20 METROS

SPHEROID: CLARKE 1886 GRID: 1,000 METER UTM ZONE 18 (BLACK NUMBERED LINES) 1,000 METER LAMBERT, HONDURAS SOUTH ZONE (BLUE NUMBERED TICKS) 1,000 METER LAMBERT, NICARAGUA NORTH ZONE (BROWN NUMBERED TICKS) TRANSVERSE MERCATOR PROJECTION: MEAN SEA LEVEL HORIZONTAL DATUM: NORTH AMERICAN 1927 DATUM CONTROL BY: NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC INSTITUTE

Reference grid diagrams and instructions. Includes '100 METER REFERENCE' and 'REFERENCIA DE 100 METROS' with diagrams showing how to read grid coordinates and report points across a 100,000 meter square.

ELEVATION GUIDE (GUÍA DE ELEVACIÓN) showing a contour map and color-coded elevation levels (Higher, High, Medium, Low). Includes ADJOINING SHEETS (HOJAS ADYACENTES) and BOUNDARIES (LÍMITES) information.

GLOSSARY (GLOSARIO) listing symbols for features like drinking water, cemetery, mountain, station, farm, telegraph line, pass, hydroelectric plant, stream, and ford. Includes 'THIS MAP IS RED-LIGHT READABLE' and 'LIMITED DISTRIBUTION' notices.