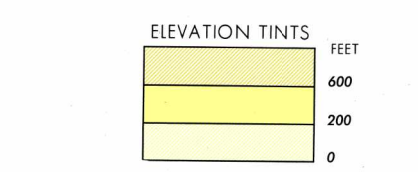
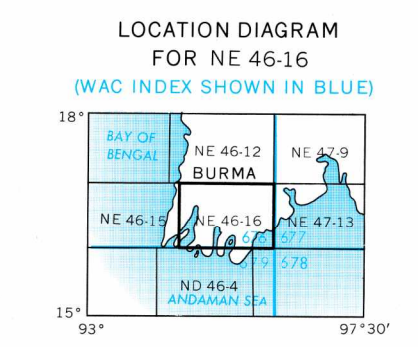


SERIES 1501 AIR SHEET NE 46-16 EDITION 1  
COMPANION SERIES 1501 SHEET IS EDITION 1



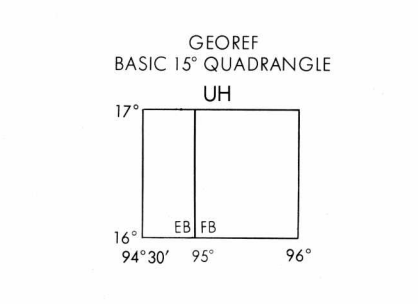
RELIABILITY OF THIS SHEET (as determined by standard practice)

MAP FEATURE	DATE OF INFORMATION
COASTAL HYDROGRAPHY	1967
ALL OTHER FEATURES	1967



GLOSSARY

Apinthung	tidal flat
Chang	stream
Changyi	stream
In	lake, marsh
Kondan	mountain range
Konta	mountain range
Kyun	island
Sagat	pagoda
San	grazing ground
Taung	mountain
Yagga	stream
Yo	stream
Yoma	mountain range



CAUTION  
AIR INFORMATION CURRENT THROUGH 9 MAY 1968.  
Consult Notices to Airmen (NOTAM) and Flight Information Publications (FIP) for the latest information. The Chart Issuing Manual (CIM) for other chart revision information.

MAGNETIC VARIATION FOR 1965 IS APPROXIMATELY 1° W OVER THE ENTIRE AREA (Annual rate of change—no change)

Prepared under the direction of the Defense Intelligence Agency and published by the Aeronautical Chart and Information Center, U.S. Air Force, St. Louis, Missouri, 63118. Compiled from maps and intelligence information available as of May 1967.

**AERONAUTICAL APPROACH CHARTS (CODE AC) and/or AERONAUTICAL CHARTS (CODE AGC) consistently within this area are those that are partially within this area should be retained until publication of the adjacent Joint Operations Graphic (AIR) 1501 AIR. Consult the DOD Bulletin for publication and discontinuance notices.**

TO USE A STANDARD REFERENCE ON THIS SHEET TO MEASURE LINE LENGTHS	SAMPLE POINT METRAGES
1. Read other elevations (100,000 feet) from the vertical axis and the left of the horizontal axis. The vertical axis is the true vertical axis. The horizontal axis is the true horizontal axis. The vertical axis is the true vertical axis. The horizontal axis is the true horizontal axis.	1. Read other elevations (100,000 feet) from the vertical axis and the left of the horizontal axis. The vertical axis is the true vertical axis. The horizontal axis is the true horizontal axis. The vertical axis is the true vertical axis. The horizontal axis is the true horizontal axis.

**ROADS**

Dual Highways Under construction	=====
All weather	=====
Hard surface, two or more lanes wide	=====
Hard surface, one lane wide	=====
Loose or light surface, two or more lanes wide	=====
Loose or light surface, one lane wide	=====
Fair or dry weather loose surface	=====
Cart track	=====
Foot path, trail	=====

**RAILROADS**

Normal gauge (4' 8 1/2")	=====
Narrow gauge	=====
Single track	=====
Double track	=====

**BOUNDARIES**

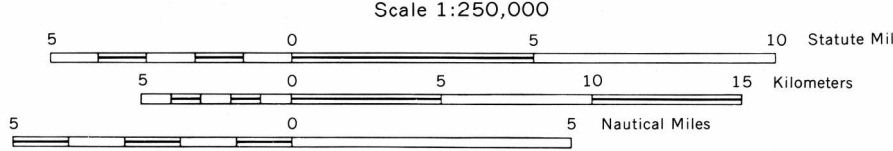
International	=====
Province or state	=====
Landmark feature	=====
Alone	=====

**VEGETATION**

Woods/bushwood; Plantation; Mangrove	=====
--------------------------------------	-------

SCALE 1:250,000  
BASSEIN, BURMA  
SERIES 1501 AIR SHEET NE 46-16 EDITION 1  
COMPANION SERIES 1501 SHEET IS EDITION 1

# JOINT OPERATIONS GRAPHIC (AIR)



CONTOUR INTERVAL 100 FEET WITH SUPPLEMENTARY CONTOURS AT 50 FEET

VERTICAL DATUM: MEAN SEA LEVEL  
HORIZONTAL DATUM: INDIAN DATUM

TRANSVERSE MERCATOR PROJECTION

BLUE NUMBERED LINES INDICATE THE 10,000-YARD INDIAN ZONE (N 8 DEG. EVEREST SPHEROID) - THE LAST FOUR DIGITS OF THE GRID NUMBERS ARE OMITTED.

NOTE: Refer all corrections on this graphic to COMMANDER, AERONAUTICAL CHART AND INFORMATION CENTER SECOND AND ARSENAL, ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63118. ATTN: ACDS.

- AERODROMES**  
EDNA - Name  
50 - length of longest runway to nearest hundreds of feet - Soft or unpaved surface  
725 - Elevation  
Field limits, with runway pattern unknown  
Field limits, with runway pattern unknown
- SEAPLANE BASE**  
SEAPLANE (EMERGENCY)  
HELIPORT
- RADIO FACILITIES**  
RADIO RANGE (FM/FM)  
MULTIPLE RADIO FACILITIES
- CONTROLLED AIRSPACE**  
ADIZ - Name  
1108 - Elevation of obstruction top, above sea level.  
(259) - Elevation of obstruction top, above ground level.  
Group obstruction  
Radio facility obstruction  
Power transmission line
- TERRAIN ELEVATIONS**  
HIGHEST KNOWN elevation is 800 feet at 16°36'N 94°35'E  
Spot elevation (Mount Critical) 768, 1545  
Horizontal control point

- HIGHEST TERRAIN ELEVATION** for each 15 MINUTE QUADRANGLE is represented in THOUSANDS and HUNDREDS of feet. They are omitted where relief information is inadequate. A minus sign following the figure indicates that the figure is based on an estimated elevation. EXAMPLES: 51 81-
- NOTES:**  
No obstructions 200 feet or more above ground level are known to exist within this area.  
A lane is generally considered as being 8 to 15 feet (2.44 to 4.56 meters) in width. Lane information is not available for loose surface roads.  
THE ALIGNMENT OF PRIMARY ADMINISTRATIVE BOUNDARIES IS APPROXIMATE.

Lithographed by ACC 5-68