



Prepared by the U. S. Army Topographic Command (AJEE), Washington, D.C. Compiled in 1954 by photogrammetric methods from aerial photographs taken in 1952. Photographs field annotated 1953. Revised by the U. S. Geological Survey 1970.

Area covered by dashed light-blue pattern is subject to controlled inundation 100,000-foot grids based on Mississippi coordinate system, east and west zones and Alabama coordinate system, west zone.

Location of geostic control established by government agencies is shown on corresponding 1:250,000-scale Geostic Control Diagram.

LEGEND

Figures in red denote approximate distances in miles between stars

POPULATED PLACES:

- Over 500,000
- 100,000 to 500,000
- 25,000 to 100,000
- 5,000 to 25,000
- 1,000 to 5,000
- Less than 1,000

ROADS:

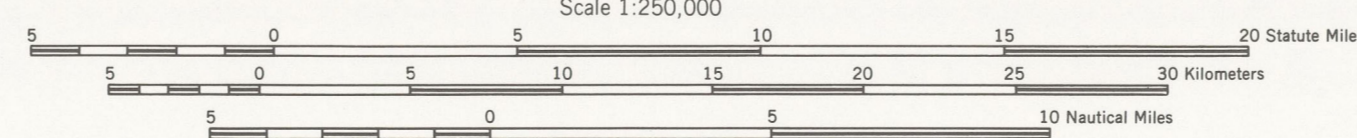
- Primary, all-weather, hard surface
- Secondary, all-weather, hard surface
- Light-duty, all-weather, hard or improved surface
- Fair or dry weather, unimproved surface
- Trail
- Interchange
- Route markers: Interstate, U.S., State

RAILROADS:

- Standard gauge
- Narrow gauge
- Landplane airport
- Landing area
- Spot elevation in feet
- Mine
- Marsh or swamp
- Intermittent or dry stream
- Power line

BOUNDARIES:

- International
- State
- County
- Park or reservation
- Seaplane anchorage
- Woods-brushwood



CONTOUR INTERVAL 50 FEET

TRANSVERSE MERCATOR PROJECTION

BLACK NUMBERED LINES INDICATE THE 10,000 METER UNIVERSAL TRANSVERSE MERCATOR GRID, ZONE 16

1970 MAGNETIC DECLINATION FROM TRUE NORTH VARIES FROM 41° 41' (80 MILES EAST) TO 31° 50' (80 MILES WEST) FROM THE CENTER OF THE WEST EDGE TO 31° 50' (80 MILES EAST) FROM THE CENTER OF THE EAST EDGE

FOR SALE BY U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, DENVER, COLORADO 80225, OR RESTON, VIRGINIA 22092

LOCATION DIAGRAM

| | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| NI 15-2 MUSKOGEE | NI 15-3 HARRIS | NI 16-1 TENNISSEE | NI 16-2 MISSISSIPPI | NI 16-3 LOUISIANA |
| NI 15-4 LITTLE ROCK | NI 15-5 ARKANSAS | NI 16-4 MISSISSIPPI | NI 16-5 MISSISSIPPI | NI 16-6 MISSISSIPPI |
| NI 15-6 MISSISSIPPI | NI 15-7 MISSISSIPPI | NI 16-7 MISSISSIPPI | NI 16-8 MISSISSIPPI | NI 16-9 MISSISSIPPI |
| NI 15-8 MISSISSIPPI | NI 15-9 MISSISSIPPI | NI 16-10 MISSISSIPPI | NI 16-11 MISSISSIPPI | NI 16-12 MISSISSIPPI |
| NI 15-10 MISSISSIPPI | NI 15-11 MISSISSIPPI | NI 16-13 MISSISSIPPI | NI 16-14 MISSISSIPPI | NI 16-15 MISSISSIPPI |
| NI 15-12 MISSISSIPPI | NI 15-13 MISSISSIPPI | NI 16-16 MISSISSIPPI | NI 16-17 MISSISSIPPI | NI 16-18 MISSISSIPPI |
| NI 15-14 MISSISSIPPI | NI 15-15 MISSISSIPPI | NI 16-19 MISSISSIPPI | NI 16-20 MISSISSIPPI | NI 16-21 MISSISSIPPI |

SECTIONIZED TOWNSHIP

| | | | | | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| 18 | 17 | 16 | 15 | 14 | 13 |
| 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 |
| 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 |
| 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 |

GRID ZONE DESIGNATION: 18S

TO GIVE A STANDARD REFERENCE ON THIS SHEET TO NEAREST 500 METERS:

1. Read letters identifying 100,000 meter squares to which the point lies.

2. Locate first vertical grid line to LEFT of the point and read LARGE figure labeling the line within the top or bottom margin, or the line from the bottom margin and read SMALL figure labeling the line from the top or bottom margin.

3. Locate first horizontal grid line to point and read LARGE figure labeling the line within the left or right margin, or the line from the left or right margin and read SMALL figure labeling the line from the top or bottom margin.

4. Add the two numbers to give the standard reference.

Example: 18S 20E 27N 25E

WEST POINT, MISSISSIPPI; ALABAMA

1953

REVISED 1970